

Reducing our waste

Improving our service

Conversation Starter Kit



Navigation

0	Introduction	3
1	FOGO and garbage	5
2	Recycling and glass	11
3	Hard waste	15
4	Waste charge	19

To move back to a section use the navigation tab at the base of every page. Each number corresponds to the document sections.





What is the conversation starter kit?

This conversation starter kit is part of our consultation on our waste service. It is designed to give you the information you need to join the conversation and have your say.

There are four topics that make up our conversation starter kit:

- Food and garden organics (FOGO) and garbage bins
- Recycling and glass bins
- 3 Hard waste
- 4 Waste charge.

Each topic explains the issues and outlines the options we have developed for our waste service. There are also key questions we would like your feedback on.

While we are comparing FOGO and garbage bins separately to recycling and glass bins in this Conversation Starter Kit, overall, they will be considered together to inform our four-bin waste service.

We are talking about FOGO and garbage bins together, because putting food waste in the green organics bin means there is much less waste in garbage bins. Similarly, we are talking about recycling and glass bins together because separating glass impacts the yellow-lidded recycling bin.

We hope shaping the conversation this way makes it easier for you to understand the issues and have your say.

What is happening to our waste service?

Our new *Kerbside Waste Services and Charges Policy* will define how often we pick up your bins and how much this costs you. We are looking at making changes that will impact how often we collect your bins, their size and cost.

The Victorian Government has announced that all councils need to move to a four-bin service. The four-bins will separate:



We have set ambitious targets to act together to achieve zero waste to landfill by 2030 and zero carbon emissions by 2040. A well designed four-bin waste service would be a significant step in working towards these goals.

To allow enough time for our community and Council to prepare, the change to a four-bin service will not begin until at least mid-2022. We have not finalised how this change will work or what it will look like yet. This is where you can help us design how the four-bin service will work best for our community.

What have we heard?

During July and August 2020, we asked the community how you felt about changing our waste service and how it might affect you. We took your feedback through an online survey, social media and a phone-in session.

We heard that our community like the food and garden organics bin and welcomes a better recycling system. We also heard that our waste service is reliable, easy to use and is appropriate for the amount of waste households currently generate. You also told us that you want more frequent collection of your food and garden organics bins.

What will we be talking to you about?

Using your feedback, we have created some options showing how our waste service could look and how we will support people with extra needs.

We now want to hear what you think of the options we have created for:

- The size of your garbage and food and garden organics (FOGO) bins and how often they are picked up
- The size of your recycling and glass bins and how often they are picked up
- Other options for residents who do not have space for a glass bin
- How we deliver hard waste collections
- Potential subsidies for non-residential properties, such as schools and charities
- How we support people with concessions or who have extra needs.

How can I have my say?

Go to conversations.moreland.vic.gov.au/waste

If you require assistance with any of our information please call our customer service team on **9240 1111** or email wasteprojects@moreland.vic.gov.au

Moreland Language Link

廣東話	9280 1910	Tiếng Việt	9280 1915
Italiano	9280 1911	हिंदी	9280 1918
Ελληνικα	9280 1912	普通话	9280 0750
عربي	9280 1913	ਪੰਜਾਬੀ	9280 0751
Türkce	9280 1914		

All other languages 9280 1919













We waste too much food

Food waste typically makes up half of what is in household garbage bins. That is an estimated 15,318 tonnes of food waste thrown out by Moreland residents every year. That is equivalent to the weight of 3,800 elephants! Much of this could be avoided.

Food waste costs us

Sending food waste to landfill is costly, and the cost of sending waste to landfill (the landfill levy), which is set by the State Government, is rising over the next few years. If we create less food waste and divert more of it from landfill, it will cost Moreland residents less.

Environmental impacts

When food and garden waste breaks down in landfill it creates methane, a powerful greenhouse gas that contributes to climate change. Food waste, with garden waste, can be turned into compost to improve soils. This reduces greenhouse gas emissions, avoids sending a valuable resource to landfill and instead creates a useful product for Victorian farmers and local Moreland gardens.

Community feedback

We expanded the green waste service to include food waste in 2019, making it the food and garden organics (FOGO) service. We have heard from residents who have opted into the service that they love it. Many have seen less waste in their garbage bin and have asked for FOGO bins to be picked up weekly to help manage seasonal volumes, smell and pests.

FOGO for all households

The State Government has prioritised tackling food waste with a policy requiring councils across Victoria to provide a FOGO service to all households. Currently this service is provided via the green waste bin.

What changes could we make to our FOGO and garbage service?

Food and Garden Organics (FOGO)	Your current service	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3
and Garbage Service Options		WEEKLY FOGO FORTNIGHTLY GARBAGE	FORTNIGHTLY FOGO WEEKLY GARBAGE	WEEKLY FOGO WEEKLY GARBAGE (Fortnightly recycling*)
Food and garden organics bins (FOGO) (light green lid)	Households can choose to have a FOGO bin ('opt-in' at no extra cost) FOGO bins are picked up every 2 weeks Standard bin size is 120 litres, with option for a bigger bin	All households would have a FOGO bin (may be shared) FOGO bins would be picked up every week Standard bin size would be 120 litres, with option for a bigger bin	All households would have a FOGO bin (may be shared) FOGO bins would continue to be picked up every 2 weeks Standard bin size would be 120 litres, with option for a bigger bin	All households would have a FOGO bin (may be shared) FOGO bins would be picked up every week Standard bin size would be 120 litres, with option for a bigger bin
	Every 2 weeks	Every week	120 litre	120 litre
Garbage bins (red lid)	Garbage bins are picked up every week Standard bin size is 80 litres, with options for a bigger bin (additional charges apply)	Garbage bins would be picked up every 2 weeks Increase standard bin size to 120 litres, with option for a bigger bin (additional charges may apply) or a smaller 80 litre bin	Garbage bins would continue to be picked up every week Standard bin size would be 80 litres, with options for a bigger bin (additional charges would apply)	Garbage bins would continue to be picked up every week Standard bin size would be 80 litres, with options for a bigger bin (additional charges would apply)
	80 litre	120 litre	80 litre	80 litre

*Option 3 is only feasible if recycling bins (yellow lid) are collected fortnightly. We cannot collect three bins every week while maintaining a reasonable service level or cost for our community. Congested kerbsides also increase safety risks for drivers and pedestrians, and increases the risk of property damage to parked cars and bins when they cannot be spaced apart for collection.









How do the options compare?

To help us compare the options, we referred to indicative modelling data¹ to understand how each option impacts on cost and environmental performance, including our goals of zero waste to landfill and zero carbon emissions. The modelling was prepared for Council in November 2020 and provides indicative figures for assessment and comparison purposes. Final costs will vary depending on the final service option chosen, government funding and industry pricing.

The cost to send each tonne of waste to landfill (the landfill levy, charged by the State Government), is set to double over the next few years. This means costs of the service, and therefore costs to the community, will increase regardless of

the final service option. Diverting waste from landfill helps to keep service costs down, meaning less cost to ratepayers. The following table shows us, at a high level, how each option impacts the average cost of the service per household, and how they perform against our commitment to achieve zero waste to landfill by 2030 and zero carbon emissions by 2040. It also shows the impact collection frequency has on the number of trucks on the road and bins on the street.

In comparing the options to each other, the table colour codes show:

Higher performing Moderate perfor options options

Moderate performing Lower performing options options

Food and Garden Organics (FOGO)	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3
and Garbage Service Options	WEEKLY FOGO FORTNIGHTLY GARBAGE	FORTNIGHTLY FOGO WEEKLY GARBAGE	WEEKLY FOGO WEEKLY GARBAGE (Fortnightly recycling*)
Estimated yearly cost^ of FOGO and garbage service	~\$13.3m	~\$13.7m	~\$15.5m
Estimated average yearly cost^ per household** for FOGO and garbage service	\$184 ~\$30 increase^	\$189 ~\$35 increase^	\$215 ~\$61 increase^
Towards zero waste - Garbage sent to landfill each year (less is better)	~21,000 tonnes	~27,500 tonnes	~24,500 tonnes
Towards zero waste - Food and garden waste diverted from landfill each year (more is better)	~20,000 tonnes	~14,000 tonnes	~17,500 tonnes
Towards zero carbon - Greenhouse gas emissions saved each year (more is better)	~11,000 tonnes	~5,500 tonnes	~8,000 tonnes
FOGO and garbage bins on the street per household	3 bins per fortnight	3 bins per fortnight	4 bins per fortnight
Trucks on the road collecting bins			
	Same as current service	Same as current service	More than current service
Change from current service for residents	Most change	Least change	Moderate change

^{*}Option 3 is only possible if recycling bins are collected fortnightly as we cannot collect three bins every week while maintaining a reasonable service level or cost for our community. (Refer to page 5 for more information.)

^Increase on 2019/20 costs. Includes increase to legislated landfill levy which is set by State Government. The landfill levy is expected to increase service costs by \$24 per household from July 2021, even without any changes to our waste service.²

0

1

2



^{**}This reflects the average service cost (to Council) per household per year over ten years, and not the final charge per household, which will depend on a range of factors including the chosen service model, final waste charge policy, state government funding and industry pricing.

BLUE ENVIRONMENT 2021

² BLUE ENVIRONMENT 2021

In summary, the table shows that:

- **Option 1** has the best environmental outcomes and best aligns with our goal to achieve zero waste to landfill and zero carbon emissions. This option also has the lowest cost per household compared with the other options but would be a bigger change for residents from the current service.
- **Option 2** has the least change for residents from the current service, however it has the poorest environmental outcomes and does least to help achieve our goals of zero waste to landfill and zero carbon emissions. There is also a slight increase in cost compared to Option 1 due to more garbage sent to landfill and the impact of the higher landfill levy.
- **Option 3** has significantly higher costs, as well as increased road and kerbside congestion due to more trucks and bins on the street on collection days. This option has better environmental outcomes than Option 2, but poorer than Option 1.

Option 1 - Weekly FOGO and fortnightly garbage



All households have a FOGO bin (may be shared)



FOGO bins picked up every week



Garbage bins picked up every 2 weeks

Pros and cons

- Less garbage Community feedback, and experiences from other councils, has shown that households that put food waste in their FOGO bins do not have as much waste in their garbage bins. This is because half (by weight) of the average household garbage bin is food waste. If everyone puts food waste in a FOGO bin, then garbage bins will have less in them, no smelly food waste, and they won't need to be picked up as often.
- Meets demand for weekly FOGO This option would satisfy residents who told us during the first stage of community consultation that they want their FOGO bins picked up more often, to avoid unwanted smells and pests. We know FOGO bins can create unpleasant smells and attract unwanted pests (e.g. fruit flies), particularly in hot weather when food waste breaks down more quickly. A weekly pick-up of FOGO bins would help manage this and also help households with fuller FOGO bins.
- Lower costs Picking up both FOGO and garbage bins every week is costly. It costs more to have extra trucks and truck drivers to pick up the bins every week. With the increasing State Government landfill levy, the more waste we send to landfill the more it costs our community, so the more food waste we keep out of landfill, the lower the costs will be.
- More incentive to use FOGO bin The best performing systems show that FOGO bins that are picked up weekly, coupled with garbage bins that are picked up every 2 weeks, encourages greater use of the FOGO bin and keeps more waste out of landfill, minimising landfill costs³ and greenhouse gas emissions.
- **Most change** Option 1 would require the most change from residents, with the greatest impact on how people sort their waste.











Why are we suggesting bin sizes change for Option 1?

The standard bin size needs to be set as part of setting the annual waste charge. Ratepayers currently pay this charge based on the size of their garbage bin.

Experience from other Councils⁴ shows that 80 litres of garbage space over a fortnight would not be enough for most households, so under Option 1 we suggest increasing the standard garbage bin size to 120 litres. The larger 120 litre (standard) size garbage bin would mean a total reduction of 40 litres of garbage bin space across the fortnight, but once food waste, which makes up half (by weight) of what's in the average Moreland garbage bin⁵, is put in the FOGO bin there should be enough space for most households.

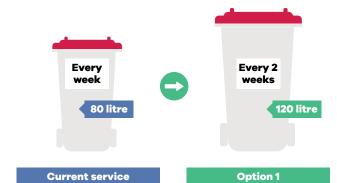
Residents would keep the option to get a bigger (240 litre) garbage bin if they need it, though additional charges would apply to some households. Households would also be able to get a smaller (80 litre) garbage bin at a lower cost.

How would I manage nappies and smell if garbage is collected fortnightly?

Unfortunately, most bins smell, but experience elsewhere shows that there is no difference in the smell of garbage bins after a fortnight when garbage, including nappies and other sanitary waste, was bagged or wrapped in plastic. That is, the odour of the garbage bin after two weeks was rated the same as after one week.6

Regardless of the final service option chosen, residents will continue to be able to choose from a select number of bin sizes to find the right size that suits their needs. For some residents, like those with lots of nappies, this will mean asking for a larger bin. Additional fees may apply for larger bins, however some households will be eligible for a concession.

GARBAGE BIN SIZE CHANGE





Option 2 - Fortnightly FOGO and weekly garbage



All households have a FOGO bin (may be shared)



FOGO bins picked up every 2 weeks



Garbage bins picked up every week

Pros and cons

- **Least change** Option 2 would require the least amount of change for residents. Collection frequencies and bin sizes would remain the same, but all households would have a FOGO bin (may be a shared bin).
- Does not meet demand for weekly FOGO This option would not satisfy residents who told us during the first stage of community consultation and recent social research that they want their FOGO bins picked up more often to avoid unwanted smells and pests.
- More waste to landfill Experience from other councils⁷ shows that a
 weekly garbage collection, combined with picking up FOGO bins every
 2 weeks, discourages people from using their FOGO bin, meaning Option 2
 would result in more food waste in garbage bins that is sent to landfill and
 more greenhouse gas emissions.
- **Higher costs** With more waste going to landfill, Option 2 has higher cost impacts than Option 1 due to the increasing landfill levy, which is charged per tonne of waste sent to landfill.

Option 3 – Weekly FOGO and weekly garbage



All households have a FOGO bin (may be shared)



FOGO bins picked up every week



Garbage bins picked up every week



Recycling bins would be picked up every 2 weeks

Pros and cons

- Moderate change Option 3 would satisfy residents that want to have both their garbage and FOGO bins picked up weekly and would be a moderate change for residents.
- **Highest cost** This option is significantly more expensive overall (almost \$2 million more) due to having a weekly service for both FOGO and garbage bins. It also results in more trucks on the road and more bins on the kerbside every week, which can cause congestion.
- Less food waste diversion Experience from other councils⁸ shows that maintaining weekly garbage collections reduces the incentive for people to put food waste in their FOGO bin, meaning less food waste is diverted from landfill and relatively more cost for residents due to the increasing cost of sending waste to landfill.
- Fortnightly recycling collection This option would also mean that recycling bins (yellow lid) could not be collected weekly as we cannot collect three bins every week while maintaining a reasonable service level or cost for our community.









⁷ MWRRG 2018 and NSW EPA 2020

⁸ MWRRG 2018 and NSW EPA 2020

We understand that not all households are the same

We know that households have different needs and preferences depending on who and how many people live there. For example:

- Large households, households with small children in nappies, or people with some medical conditions might generate more waste than the average household.
- Households that live in apartments using Council's waste services may have different needs to manage shared bins
- Some businesses and organisations also use Council's waste services and might need their bins picked up more often or need bigger bins.

To meet the needs of our community, all options would allow households to get smaller or larger bins, or an extra bin (up to a cap), however additional fees may apply to some households. Any concessions would continue to be subsidised by other households and businesses that pay the waste charge. For more information view the Waste Charge fact sheet on the Conversations Moreland website.

We want to hear from you

Help us decide on a waste service that works for our community, while balancing the costs and benefits.

- Understanding the pros and cons of the options (including costs, keeping waste out of landfill, greenhouse gas emissions, trucks on roads, bins on kerbside), how often do you think garbage and FOGO bins should be picked up?
- Understanding that residents would have the option to change their bin size if they need to, have we got the standard bin sizes right?













What are the current issues?

The recycling industry is struggling

We produce more recycling than we have places for it to go. With overseas countries no longer taking as much of Australia's recycling, we need to improve how we recycle to support more use of recycled materials and to create jobs in Australia.

New glass bin

In 2020, the State Government announced a policy to introduce a new glass bin for all Victorian households. Separating glass from other recycling improves the quality of our recycling because pieces of broken glass can stick to other materials, such as paper, cardboard and plastics reducing their ability to be recycled into high value products.

Contamination

Contamination is when the wrong items are placed in the recycling bin. This is a problem because it is difficult to remove and often ends up ruining the quality of other materials. 17% of what is put in the average Moreland recycling bin is not recyclable. This rate of contamination is 7% higher than the Victorian average.

Cost impacts

Introducing a fourth glass bin will cost more as it requires an additional service. Changes to our current waste service may be needed to help balance the cost of picking up the new glass bin. While Moreland collects recycling bins weekly, most Melbourne councils collect recycling bins fortnightly (with a bigger standard bin size) because it is more cost effective.

Container Deposit Scheme (CDS) is coming

The State Government will be introducing a CDS for beverage containers around mid-2023. Like 'cash for cans', a CDS works by people returning drink containers to a collection point to receive a cash refund. It aims to reduce litter and increase recycling of drink containers. The details are not clear yet but CDS will impact the amount and type of recyclables collected in household recycling bins.

What changes could we make to our recycling service?

Recycling and Glass	Your current service	Option 1	Option 2*
Service Options		FORTNIGHTLY RECYCLING MONTHLY GLASS	WEEKLY RECYCLING MONTHLY GLASS (Not an option if both food and garden organics (FOGO) and garbage bins are collected every week)
Recycling (yellow lid)	Recycling bins picked up every week Standard bin size 120 litres	Recycling bins would be picked up every 2 weeks Standard bin size would increase to 240 litres	Recycling bins would continue to be picked up every week Standard bin size would be 120 litres
	120 litre	240 litre Every 2 weeks	120 litre
Glass (purple lid)	No separate bin/service	Most households would be provided with a bin for glass, picked up every 4 weeks (monthly) Standard bin size would be 120 litres , with option for an extra bin Households without space for a glass bin would have access to an alternative glass service	Most households would be provided with a bin for glass, picked up every 4 weeks (monthly) Standard bin size would be 120 litres, with option for an extra bin Households without space for a glass bin would have access to an alternative glass service
		120 litre	120 litre

*Option 2 is not possible if both food and garden organics (FOGO) and garbage bins are collected weekly as we cannot collect three bins every week while maintaining a reasonable service level or cost for our community. (Refer to page 5 for more information.)

How do the options compare?

To help us compare the options, we referred to indicative modelling data⁹ to understand how each option impacts on cost and environmental performance, including our goals of zero waste to landfill and zero carbon emissions. The modelling was prepared for Council in November 2020 and provides indicative figures for comparison purposes. Final costs will vary depending on the final service option chosen, government funding and industry pricing.

The following table shows us, at a high level, how each option impacts the cost of the service and materials recovered. It also shows the impact collection frequency has on the number of trucks on the road and bins on the street.

Note that both shortlisted options include monthly collection of the glass bin because experience at other councils suggests this is adequate for most households and a more frequent service would add to costs, kerbside congestion on bin night and more trucks on the road.

In comparing the options to each other, the table colour codes show:

High performing Moderate performing Low performing options options

Recycling and Glass Service Options	Option 1	Option 2*
	FORTNIGHTLY RECYCLING and MONTHLY GLASS	WEEKLY RECYCLING and MONTHLY GLASS (Not an option if both food and garden organics (FOGO) and garbage bins are collected every week)
Estimated yearly cost of recycling and glass service	~\$8.8m	~\$10.9m
Estimated average yearly cost er household** for recycling and glass service	\$122 ~\$2 increase^	\$151 ~\$30 increase^
Recycling and glass recovered each year	~17,000 tonnes	~17,000 tonnes
Quality of glass and recycling collected (less contamination of other recyclables due to broken glass)	-4.3	
Recycling and glass bins on the street per household	3 bins per month	5 bins per month
Trucks on the road collecting bins		

*Option 2 is not possible if both food and garden organics (FOGO) and garbage bins are collected weekly as we cannot collect three bins every week while maintaining a reasonable service level or cost for our community. (Refer to page 5 for more information.)

^ Increase on 2019/20 costs.

**This reflects the average service cost (to Council) per household per year and over ten years not the final charge per household, which will depend on a range of factors including the chosen service model, final waste charge policy, state government funding and industry pricing.

In summary, the table shows that:

- Option 1 has the lowest cost impact (due to switching to fortnightly recycling) with fewer trucks and bins on the streets causing congestion on collection day.
- The introduction of the separate glass bin means both options improve the quality and tonnes of recycling collected compared to our current service.
- Option 2 has significantly higher costs because it maintains weekly recycling collections and is only an option if either garbage or food and garden organics (FOGO) is collected fortnightly as we cannot collect three bins every week.

BLUE ENVIRONMENT 2021









Option 1 – Fortnightly recycling and monthly glass



Recycling bins picked up every 2 weeks



New glass bins to be picked up every 4 weeks (monthly)



Alternative glass recycling service for some properties

Pros and cons

- Lower costs As we introduce a new glass recycling service, we need to balance the cost of collecting bins, the number of trucks on the road and bins on the kerbside. Option 1, having recycling bins picked up every 2 weeks, helps to manage these impacts over time. Most other councils in Melbourne pick up recycling bins every 2 weeks. This would be a more cost effective service. Modelling suggests that switching from weekly to fortnightly recycling could save Moreland ratepayers more than \$2 million each year¹⁰.
- Same recycling capacity Although the recycling bin would be picked up less often under Option 1, the standard recycling bin size would double to 240 litres. Households would continue to have the same amount of recycling space (120 litres per week) as they currently do (for hard plastic, metals, paper and cardboard), as well as an additional bin for glass recycling which will free up space in the recycling bin. This means the bigger recycling bin should not get too heavy because it won't have glass in it and even more materials could be collected for recycling each year.
- Less road and kerbside congestion Compared to Option 2, fortnightly recycling collection means fewer trucks on the road, less bins collected every fortnight and less bins on the street on bin night causing congestion.
- **Space for bigger bin -** some households may not have space on their property for a bigger 240 litre recycling bin or a fourth bin for glass.

Option 2 – Weekly recycling and monthly glass



Recycling bins picked up every week



New glass bins to be picked up every 4 weeks (monthly)



Alternative glass recycling service for some properties

Pros and cons

- Higher costs Option 2, keeping weekly recycling, is more expensive in the long term. Switching to fortnightly collections helps balance the cost of the new glass service.
- More road and kerbside congestion Compared to Option 1, weekly recycling collection means more trucks on the road, more bins collected every fortnight and more bins on the street on bin night adding to congestion.
- Weekly FOGO and weekly garbage no longer an option This option would also mean that having both weekly FOGO and weekly garbage collection is no longer an option as we cannot collect three bins every week while maintaining a reasonable service level or cost for our community.
- Least change Recycling bin collection frequencies and bin sizes would remain the same, but all households would have a new glass bin or access to an alternative glass recycling service.







What are my options if I cannot fit a new bin on my property?

We understand that some properties, including apartments and higher density developments, do not have room for another bin. These households will need access to a shared bin or an alternative glass recycling point.

Council will determine which properties this applies to and is investigating other options for these households. We are seeking community feedback on using other glass recycling options, such as communal glass dropoff points, as part of this consultation.



We know that households have different needs and preferences depending on who and how many people live there. For example:

- Large households might generate more recycling.
- Households that live in apartments using Council's waste services may have different needs to manage shared bins.
- Some businesses and organisations also use Council's waste services and might need their recycling bins picked up more often.
- Some households in high density areas or apartment buildings may not have room for a new glass recycling bin.

To meet the needs of our community, all options would allow households to get smaller or larger bins, or an extra bin (up to a cap), however additional fees may apply to some households. For more information view the Waste Charge fact sheet on the Conversations Moreland website.



We want to hear from you

Help us decide on a waste service that works for our community, while balancing the costs and benefits.

- Understanding the pros and cons of the options (including costs, trucks on roads, bins on kerbside), which option for recycling and glass bin collections do you prefer?
- Understanding that residents would have the option to change their bin size if they need to, have we got the standard bin sizes right?
- For households that do not have space for a new glass recycling bin, what alternative works best for you?



What are the current issues?

- Hard waste (or hard rubbish) is unwanted items or rubbish that is too large to put in your regular household bins.
- **Dumped rubbish** We have heard from our community that you want less dumped rubbish in the streets. This includes during hard waste collections and outside of collection times, when people have hard waste to dispose of and cannot get their items picked up.
- Low recycling rates The amount of hard waste recycled in Moreland is low. Only 14% of hard waste collected last Autumn was recycled, and most of this was metal. The large volumes of hard waste and number of daily collections reduces the opportunity for separating items by material to enable better recycling, which means more waste is sent to landfill.
- Scavenging We know some people in our community like being able to reuse and repurpose items by putting them out on the kerbside during hard waste collections (or any time of year). Reusing items is a much better outcome than sending them to landfill, or even being recycled. Unfortunately, scavenging can result in many items that could have been reused getting damaged or not being picked up and going to landfill. It can also create additional mess on the streets as people rummage through the items. Instead, we encourage community re-use through household networks, online share/swap platforms and charity donations.

What change could we make to our hard waste service?

	Option 1 Your current service	Option 2
	TWO MUNICIPAL-WIDE COLLECTIONS	BOOKED HARD WASTE COLLECTIONS
Hard waste	Two municipal-wide collections each year at designated times	Households could book two collections each year (cost is included in waste charge) with a fee-for-service option for additional collections
		######## \$
		+

How does a booked hard waste service work?

All households that pay the waste charge would continue to have access to two hard waste collections each year. When residents have hard waste to be picked up, they could contact Council (or our contractor) to organise a collection. We would then book a date for pick-up to take place. In the days prior to your pick-up, waste would be neatly piled on the kerbside as you would do for a municipal-wide collection. You would not need to be home for the collection. Most metropolitan councils in Melbourne provide a booked hard waste collection.

As part of this consultation, we are seeking feedback from building managers, body corporates and residents living in apartments on how a booked hard waste service might work for your apartment building, while maintaining convenience and equity in the service.

How do the options compare?

To help us compare the options, we referred to the Metropolitan Waste Resource Recovery Group (MWRRG) Hard Waste <u>Leading Practice Guide</u> to understand how each option impacts on cost, resident satisfaction and environmental performance.

The following table shows us, at a high level, how each option impacts the cost of the service, household convenience and participation, and how the options perform against our commitment to achieve zero waste to landfill by 2030. It also shows the impact the service has on keeping our streets clean.

In comparing the options to each other, the table colour codes show:

- High performing options
- Moderate performing options
- Low performing options

Hard Waste Service	Option 1	Option 2
Options	NO CHANGE TO CURRENT SERVICE	TWO BOOKED HARD WASTE
	TWO MUNICIPAL-WIDE COLLECTIONS	COLLECTIONS
Cost of service		
	\$	\$
	Costs more	Costs less
Convenience and		
flexibility for residents		
	Less convenient/flexible	More convenient/flexible
Classic and the set of the set		
Cleaner streets and less dumped rubbish		
	M 1 1 11 1	
	More dumped rubbish	Less dumped rubbish
Towards zero waste		
 Hard waste items recycled/recovered 		<u>A V</u>
recycleantecovered	Less items recycled	More items recycled
Participation in hard waste collections		
waste collections	The state of the s	The second secon
	High participation	Lower participation

In summary, the table shows that:

16

- Option 1 (the current service) has higher participation but is less flexible, contributes to more dumped rubbish, has a lower recycling rate and costs more overall.
- **Option 2 (booked service)** has lower participation, but is more flexible, helps manage dumped rubbish, has a higher recycling rate and costs less overall.

) 0 0 3

Option 1 – Municipal-wide collections (no change to current service)



Keep two municipalwide collections each year

Pros and cons

- **High participation** Option 1 has higher participation because residents are reminded to put hard waste out when they see neighbours doing it.
- Dumped rubbish This option does not address community concerns about dumped rubbish outside of scheduled hard waste collection times and messy streets during collections.
- **Less convenience** Option 1 is less flexible and convenient for residents who may need a hard waste collection outside of the scheduled times.
- Higher costs Evidence from other councils show that municipal-wide hard waste collections also cost more to run and result in more waste ending up in landfill¹¹.

Option 2 – Booked hard waste collections



Households could book up to two collections each year (cost is included in waste charge) when they have items to be picked up, with a fee-forservice option for additional collections

Pros and cons

- Cleaner streets We have heard that some people like having two hard
 waste collections each year, but that there was a lot of rubbish and mess on
 the streets during pick-up times. Research shows that booking hard waste
 collections means that there is less rubbish on the street awaiting collection
 and less dumped rubbish¹², so the streets are cleaner and safer for everybody.
- More convenience A booked hard waste service means that residents can
 arrange for their hard waste to be picked up at a time that suits them, like
 when they are moving house or renovating. Research shows that residents
 appreciate a booked hard waste collection over a municipal-wide collection¹³.
- More recycling Booked collections enable greater separation of materials, meaning more hard waste can be recycled and kept out of landfill. Less material is recycled from municipal-wide hard waste collections due to the large amount of waste collected on a daily basis. With a booked hard waste service, more hard-to-recycle materials could also be included in the list of accepted items for recycling.
- Less cost to residents Experience from other councils shows that a
 booked hard waste service costs less to provide than municipal-wide hard
 waste collections. Most councils in Melbourne provide a booked hard waste
 collection, with only 7 out of 31 metropolitan councils offering municipal-wide
 collections¹⁴.
- **Lower participation -** There may be less households participating in the service as residents need to request a collection.

- 11 MWRRG 2016
- 12 MWRRG (unpublished)
- 13 MWRRG (unpublished)
- 14 MWRRG 2016









We understand that not all households are the same

We know that households have different needs and preferences depending on who and how many people live there, for example:

- Rental households tend to have a higher rate of changeover and may need a more flexible hard waste service
- High density areas and apartment buildings have less space on the street for each household to put out their hard waste
- Some households may not be aware of Council services and may rely on seeing their neighbours putting out hard waste for collections
- Some privately managed apartment buildings or community organisations such as gardens, kindergartens or neighbourhood houses might require this service from time to time but cannot book a collection because they do not pay the waste charge.

To meet the needs of our community, under Option 2, households could request additional booked hard waste collections for a fee. We would also work with building managers, body corporates and residents to streamline booked hard waste collections for people living in apartment blocks.

We want to hear from you

Help us decide on a waste service that works for our community, while balancing the costs and benefits.

- What are your thoughts on the current hard waste service?
- Understanding the pros and cons of each option, would you prefer a booked hard waste service or a municipal-wide collection? Why?
- For people living in apartment buildings, how could a booked hard waste service work for your apartment block?



What is the waste charge?

The waste charge covers the full cost of providing our kerbside waste service, including:

- collection of bins, including running and maintaining garbage trucks
- disposal and processing fees (charged by landfill and recycling operators)
- the Landfill Levy charged by the State Government
- labour
- the cost of bins
- hard waste collection (contracted service)
- waste education programs to reduce waste to landfill and increase resource recovery
- customer service and administration.

The overall 2019/20 waste charge for providing Council's kerbside waste service was \$16.5 million dollars. This will increase significantly from July 2021, even without changes to our waste service, due to the increasing landfill levy set by the State Government.

The waste charge is collected by Council via the annual rates notice. It currently entitles all properties that pay the waste charge to the following services:

- weekly garbage (red lid bin)
- weekly recycling (yellow lid bin)
- optional fortnightly food and garden organics (FOGO) (light-green lid bin) for residential properties
- two hard waste collections each year for residential properties



Who pays the waste charge?

The waste charge is paid by the ratepayer. Most properties that pay the waste charge are residential properties, but businesses, schools and community groups can also pay the charge to access the standard Council waste service.

Our Commercial Plus fee-for-service is available for residential and non-residential users when the standard service does not meet their needs.

Some businesses and residential properties, like apartment buildings, use a private waste contractor to manage their waste. These properties do not pay the waste charge and as a result do not get access to Council waste services, including hard waste collections.

You can find out more information in the Waste Charge fact sheet on the Conversations Moreland website.

Why would the waste charge change?

The waste charge changes almost every year, as it reflects the annual cost to deliver the kerbside waste service. Legislated landfill levy increases will increase service costs regardless of any changes to our waste service. The landfill levy is charged per tonne of waste sent to landfill and is set by the State Government. It provides a price incentive to reduce waste and is set to increase significantly over the next three years.

The introduction of a four-bin service, including a new glass bin and food and garden organics (FOGO) for every household, would also increase the cost to deliver our waste service, however increases would be modest compared to the landfill levy.¹⁵

The final service design will have a direct impact on the waste charge paid by ratepayers. Regardless of the option chosen, the more we divert from landfill, the lower the costs will be.

A new 4-bin service gives us the opportunity to review how the waste charge works, including what groups are entitled to use the service and who is eligible for concessions. Importantly, it gives us an opportunity to address the cost to the community and work towards zero waste to landfill.





Subsidies and Concessions

As the waste charge must cover the total cost of delivering Council's waste services, concessions are subsidised by other ratepayers. As part of this consultation, we are reviewing those eligible for concessions.

Under the current waste policy, some households are eligible for a concession, including families with six or more children or residents with medical conditions that generate excess waste. Concessions allow eligible households to receive an additional bin at a reduced cost.

We are also exploring what non-residential properties should be able to use our service and at what cost. If supported by the community, some not-for-profit groups could be eligible to use our waste service and apply for a concession. This could include:

public schools

20

- not-for-profit childcare centres or kindergartens
- volunteer led community groups such as community sporting clubs or community gardens
- other community groups
- other not-for-profit or charity organisations such as faith groups

We want to hear from you

We want to make sure that our waste services meet the needs of our community. Our investigations need to carefully consider which special circumstances and nonresidential uses should be eligible for concessions to the waste charge.

This is a complex conversation that will need to consider trade-offs and a range of different scenarios. We will focus on this issue in targeted workshop discussions, but also want to hear from the broader community. To help Council make these decisions, we need to hear from our community about what they value.

In particular, we want to know:

- Which households or groups should be eligible for a concession or subsidy? Why?
- What is a fair discount for eligible groups?



Sources

Australian Government Department of Environment and Energy, 2017, National Food Waste Strategy: Halving Australia's Food Waste By 2030

Australian Government Department of Environment and Energy, 2018, National Waste Report

Blue Environment, 2021, Moreland's Future Kerbside Waste and Recycling Options Assessment

Colmar Brunton, 2020, Moreland City Council Waste Services Social Research

Downes, Jenni, 2018, China's recycling 'ban' throws Australia into a very messy waste crisis, Available from: The Conversation https://theconversation.com/chinas-recycling-ban-throws-australia-into-a-very-messy-waste-crisis-95522

Fight Food Waste Cooperative Research Centre, 2019, Food Waste Australian Household Attitudes and Behaviours: National Benchmarking Study

Hobsons Bay City Council, 2020, Recycling 2.0 Interim Review Report, Available from: https://www.hobsonsbay.vic.gov.au/Council/Council-Meetings/Minutes-and-Agendas, 23 June 2020

Lake Macquarie City Council, 2014, Community Nappy Trial Report

Moreland City Council, unpublished, Kerbside Garbage Bin Audit Report 2015

MRA Consulting Group, unpublished, FOGO Cost Benefit Analysis and draft Multi Criteria Analysis: A Submission to Moreland City Council, 2019

Moreland City Council, 2018, Waste and Litter Strategy

Moreland City Council, 2018, Zero Carbon 2040 Framework

Metropolitan Waste and Resource Recovery Group (MWRRG), 2016, Hard Waste Services Leading Practice Guide

Metropolitan Waste and Resource Recovery Group (MWRRG), 2018, Introducing a Kerbside Food and Garden Organics Collection Service: A Guide for Local Government

Metropolitan Waste and Resource Recovery Group (MWRRG), unpublished, Social Research into the Factors Contributing to Illegal Dumping

NSW Government Environment Protection Authority (EPA), 2020, Analysis of NSW Kerbside Green Lid Bin Audit Data

NSW Government Environment Protection Authority (EPA), 2020, Analysis of NSW Kerbside Red Lid Bin Audit Data Report

Surf Coast Shire, 2019, Anglesea Food Organics Collection Pilot Evaluation Report

Sustainability Victoria, Love Food Hate Waste Website

<u>Victorian Government Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (DELWP), 2020, Recycling Victoria: A New Economy</u>

Yarra City Council, Holistic Waste Trial Summary of Community Survey Findings, Available from: https://www.yarracity.vic.gov.au/about-us/council-information/past-council-and-committee-meetings/2020-council-meetings, 18 February 2020